

Community Services

CITY OF HOPKINS

Memorandum

To: Honorable Mayor and Council Members

Mike Mornson, City Manager

From: Ari Lenz, Assistant City Manager

Chris Kearney, Chief Building Official

Dale Specken, Fire Chief

Date: July 20, 2021

Subject: Rental Inspection Program Revisions

PURPOSE

Council to review and provide comment on proposed changes to the City's Rental Inspections Program.

INFORMATION

Over the last year, the City has deferred rental inspections due to public health concerns regarding COVID 19. As we look to restarting the rental inspection program, staff reviewed the current rental inspection program, ordinance and processes with a few goals in mind:

- Looking for efficiencies and equity improvements.
- Utilizing the rental inspection program as a platform to building upon our current outreach efforts to increase renter engagement and participation.

As part of that process, staff conducted a review of the program internally including staff from the Community Services Department (Inspections and Administration), Community Development, Fire Department and Police Department. Staff also solicited feedback through outreach to the Hopkins Apartment Managers Association (HAMA), the Multi-Cultural Advisory Committee (MAC), the Minnesota Multi Housing Association (MHA), rental property owners and renters and the general public. The engagement process first focused on receiving high-level feedback and then the proposed revisions were posted publically and outreach was done to get specific feedback on the revisions. Tonight's meeting is another opportunity for public engagement and feedback from Council.

Staff feels the proposed ordinance balances the goals of the program with efficiency and equity needs and will help us guide our rental inspection program going forward.

A key council goal has been to increase renter engagement and participation. The rental inspection program can help us build upon our efforts to engage residents and plan to continue to review our processes to make improvements going forward in this area. The ordinance revision is the first step in the process.

Primary Issues to Consider

What are the equity impacts of the rental ordinance?

- Hopkins is over 65% rental and 41.1% of the community identifies as non-white or Hispanic. Over 90% of our communities of color in Hopkins live in rental homes.
- Staff reframed the rental inspection program as a business arrangement between property owners and the city to provide rental homes for residents. There are certain responsibilities the rental program and inspection process requires from property owners to conduct their business. The program is a protection for residents who rent, property owners, the city and the surrounding community. All of these partners have a stake in the program.
- The ordinance changes will also require copies of notices related to inspections being sent directly to residents for hearings that affect their homes. Practices are being clarified in the ordinance to be transparent for all.
- Many of the proposed changes clean up and modernize language.

How will the revisions affect operations?

- Staff believes the proposed ordinance will make the rental inspection program more efficient and will retain the quality of service in three key ways:
 - The ordinance will reduce the frequency of inspections for those who are graded highly and properly maintaining their units. Although regular frequency is reduced, the City will maintain the authority to be able to conduct inspections at the request of a tenant, property manager or if the City itself feels an inspection is needed due to repetitive issues.
 - The ordinance revises the lookback period for nuisances to 24 months from 12 months. This will help ensure stability and allow us greater authority when dealing with properties with repetitive nuisance conditions.
 - Staff is proposing to move the rental inspections program to the Fire Department and requiring rental inspectors to be firefighters going forward. This will initially require more training and investment to move the program but will increase the City's fire response capacity and reduce some of the duplication between rental and fire inspections. We expect this to add additional public safety related efficiencies and benefits to the program.

 The ordinance will also change the timing of the rental license renewal process to the calendar year, versus the fall. This will better balance with staffing demands that are seasonally busier in the inspections division in the fall and timed to the slower winter season. We also believe it will be easier for property managers to remember an annual license versus mid-year renewals.

FUTURE ACTION

Pending comments from tonight's meeting, Staff plans to bring the proposed revisions to Council on August 2nd for the first reading.

SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

Redline of Ordinance Revisions

This is the redline of the actual proposed changes to the city code.

Revised Policy and Checklist

This is the proposed revised policy (redlined) and checklist (simplified from previous checklist).

Survey #1 - Summary of feedback from high level

Comments were used to guide changes proposed by Staff. Note: you may not be able to find reference to all comments in the proposed changes.

Survey #2 - Summary of feedback on proposed program changes

Comments were used to guide changes proposed by Staff. Note: you may not be able to find reference to all comments in the proposed changes.

ARTICLE III. - RENTAL HOUSING

DIVISION 1. - GENERALLY

Sec. 20-119. - Purpose.

It is the purpose of this article to ensure that rental housing in the city is respectabledecent, safe and sanitary and is so operated and maintained. as not to become a nuisance to the neighborhood or to become an influence that fosters blight and deterioration or creates a disincentive to reinvestment in the community. The operation of rental dwelling units is a business enterprise that entails certain responsibilities. Operators are responsible for taking reasonable steps as necessary to ensure that the citizens-residents of the city who occupy such units may pursue the quiet enjoyment of the normal activities of life in surroundings that are: safe, secure and sanitary; free from crimes and criminal activity, nuisances or annoyances.

(Code 1986, § 407.01)

Sec. 20-120. - Scope and applicability.

This article applies to all dwelling units that are leased in whole or in part as rental dwelling units. It includes accessory structures such as garages and storage buildings and appurtenances such as sidewalks and retaining walls, which are on the property. This article does not apply to state or county department of health and department of human services licensed rest homes, convalescent care facilities, nursing homes, or hotels or motels or lodging facilities licensed by the state, county or city.

(Code 1986, § 407.03)

Sec. 20-121. - Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Apartment building means any building or portion thereof that contains three or more dwelling units, sleeping rooms, or a combination thereof but not including condominiums, cooperatives or town homes.

Building official means the building official for the city or his-their duly authorized representatives.

Condominium means a single dwelling unit in a multi-dwelling unit building that is separately owned and may be combined with an undivided interest in the common areas and facilities of the property. Each individual owner may sell or encumber his-their own unit.

<u>Cooperative</u>, <u>Housing Cooperative or co-op means a residential housing option that is a corporation whereby owners do not own their units outright, but are shareholders and have equity in the corporation.</u>

Denial means the refusal to grant a license to a new or renewing applicant by the city.

Drug-related illegal activity means the illegal possession, manufacture, sale, distribution, purchase, use, or possession with intent to manufacture, sell, or distribute a controlled substance as defined in the Controlled Substance Act, 21 USC 802, or possession of drug paraphernalia as defined in M.S.A. § 152.092.

Dwelling, single-family means a building or portion thereof containing one dwelling unit. A single-family dwelling unit includes a free standing single-family residence, a single dwelling in a cooperative, an individual condominium or townhouse, a single dwelling unit in a nonresidential structure or a dwelling unit offered for rent in a duplex in which the owner occupies the other dwelling unit.

Dwelling, two-family means a building or portion thereof containing two dwelling units.

Dwelling unit means a single unit providing complete, independent, living facilities for one or more persons in one common household, including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking and sanitation. any building or portion thereof that contains living facilities, including provisions for sleeping, eating, cooking and sanitation, for not more than one family.

Efficiency dwelling unit means a dwelling unit containing only one habitable room plus bathroom facilities.

Family (see definition of relative).

Fire Chief means the Fire Chief for the city or their duly authorized representatives

Lease means an oral or written agreement between a dwelling unit owner and a tenant or sub-leaser for temporary use of a rental dwelling unit, usually in exchange for payment of rent.

License means the formal approval of an activity specified on the certificate of license issued by the city.

Nuisance any substance, matter, emission, or thing which creates a dangerous or unhealthy condition or which threatens the public peace, health, safety, or sanitary condition of the city or which is offensive or has a blighting influence on the community and which is found upon, in, being discharged or flowing from any street, alley, highway, railroad right-of-way, vehicle, railroad car, water, excavation, building, erection, lot, grounds, or other property located within the city, see chapter 28.

Rent means the consideration paid by a tenant to the owner of a rental dwelling unit for temporary and exclusive use of the rental dwelling unit by the tenant. The consideration is not limited to cash.

Relative means individuals with legal, financial or shared caregiving responsibilities for each other's welfare including: spouse, domestic partners, parent (including in-laws), child (including biological, step-child, foster child, adopted child, adult child or in-laws), sibling, grandchild (including biological, step-child, foster child, adopted child or adult child), grandparent, any adult with legal guardianship status, custody or those serving loco parentis and other persons operating in a caretaker roles relative to the owner of the property.

Rental dwelling unit means a dwelling unit or sleeping room occupied and leased by a tenant.

Revoke means to take back a license issued by the city.

Sleeping room means any room used or intended to be used by a tenant for sleeping purposes with or without meals and not licensed by the state or county department of health and department of human services.

Suspend means to make a license temporarily inoperative.

Tenant means any adult person granted temporary use of a rental dwelling unit or sleeping room pursuant to a lease with the owner of the rental dwelling unit.

Townhouse means a single-family dwelling constructed in a group of dwellings attached to each other and where each dwelling unit extends from the foundation to the roof and is separated from other dwelling units by property lines.

(Code 1986, § 407.04)

Sec. 20-122. - Enforcement official.

The building official shall be responsible for enforcement and administration of this article. Authority to take any action authorized under this section may be delegated to the building official of fire chief's authorized designee.

(Code 1986, § 407.11)

Sec. 20-123. - Penalties.

A person who violates the provisions of this article may be charged with a misdemeanor or be subject to the issuance of an administrative citation or both. Each day that a violation continues shall be deemed a separate offense. The building official or fire chief may post the rental dwelling unit by appropriate signs or notices prohibiting occupancy and may act to cause the rental dwelling unit to be vacated or remain vacant until this Code violations are corrected.

(Code 1986, § 407.17)

Sec. 20-124. - No warranty by city.

By enacting and undertaking to enforce this article, the city, city council, its agents, and employees do not warrant or guarantee the safety, fitness or suitability of any dwelling in the city. Owners and occupants should take whatever steps they deem appropriate to protect their interests, health, safety and welfare.

(Code 1986, § 407.19)

Sec. 20-125. - Residential tenant's right to summon emergency assistance.

Pursuant to M.S.A. § 504B.205, subd. 2, a landlord may not bar or limit a residential tenant's right to call for police or emergency assistance in response to domestic abuse or any other conduct or impose a penalty on a residential tenant for calling for police or emergency assistance in response to domestic abuse or any other conduct. A residential tenant may not waive and a landlord may not require the residential tenant to waive the residential tenant's right to call for police or emergency assistance.

(Code 1986, § 407.18)

Secs. 20-126-20-148. - Reserved.

DIVISION 2. - LICENSES

Subdivision I. - In General

Sec. 20-149. - Required; exceptions.

- (a) No person shall operate, let or cause to be let, a rental dwelling unit, which has not been properly licensed by the city in the manner required by this article. A license must be obtained for each residential dwelling unit, except that two or more residential dwelling units located within a single building and having a common owner and a common property identification number shall require only a single license. All rental dwelling units shall be licensed before being let, in whole or in part.
- (b) Rental dwelling units must be licensed as a sleeping room, a single-family dwelling, a two-family dwelling, or an apartment building. Any unlicensed rental dwelling units are subject to penalties.
- (c) Rental licenses are not required for dwelling units that an immediate relative occupies. The term "relative" means individuals with legal, financial or shared caregiving responsibilities for each other's welfare including: aspouse, domestic partners, parent (including in-laws), child (including biological, step-child, foster child, adopted child, adult child or in-laws), sibling, grandchild (including biological, step-child, foster child, adopted child or adult child), grandparent, any adult with legal guardianship status, custody or those serving loco parentis and other persons operating in a caretaker roles relative

to the owner of the property. husband, wife, father, mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, grandson, granddaughter, grandfather, or grandmother.

(d) Rental dwelling units owned or under the control of the city must be licensed but are exempt from paying license fees.

(Code 1986, § 407.05(1), (6))

Sec. 20-150. - Licensing standards; qualifications for licensure.

The following minimum standards and conditions shall be met in order to hold a rental dwelling license under this article. Failure to comply with any of these standards and conditions shall be adequate grounds for denial, refusal to renew, revocation, or suspension of a rental dwelling license:

- (1) The licensee or applicant shall have paid the required license fee.
- (2) Rental dwelling units shall not exceed the maximum number of dwelling units permitted by city zoning regulations.
- (3) No rental dwelling or rental dwelling unit shall be over occupied or illegally occupied in violation of city zoning regulations or the property maintenance code.
- (4) The rental dwelling shall not have been used or converted to rooming units in violation of city zoning regulations.
- (5) The owner shall not allow weeds, vegetation, junk, debris, or rubbish to accumulate repeatedly on the exterior of the premises so as to create a nuisance condition. If the city is required to abate such nuisance conditions under this Code, or collect, gather up or haul solid waste more than three times during a period of 2412 months or less, it shall be sufficient grounds to deny, revoke, suspend or refuse to renew a license.
- (6) The rental dwelling or any rental dwelling unit therein shall not be in substandard condition.
- (7) The licensee or applicant shall have paid the required initial inspection and re-inspection fees.
- (8) The licensee or his-their agent shall allow the building official, fire-chief or authorized representative to perform a rental license review inspection(s).
- (9) There shall be no delinquent property taxes or assessments on the rental dwelling.
- (10) There is no active arrest warrant for a property maintenance code or zoning regulations violation pertaining to any property in which the licensee, applicant or property manager has a legal or equitable ownership interest or is involved in management or maintenance.
- (11) Any persons who has had an interest in two or more licenses revoked or canceled <u>in Hopkins</u> pursuant to this article or a combination of revocations or cancellations shall be ineligible to hold or have an interest in a rental dwelling license for a period of five years.
- (12) No new rental dwelling license shall be issued for the property during the pendency of adverse license action initiated.
- (13) The licensee or applicant must have a current, complete, and accurate rental dwelling application on file with the housing inspector.

(Code 1986, § 407.09)

Sec. 20-151. - Application.

A license application shall be submitted to the building official, <u>fire chief or authorized representative</u> on forms furnished by the city and must contain the following information:

- (1) Name, address, <u>email</u> and telephone number of the owner of the rental dwelling units. This is the address that all future correspondence from the city will be sent to. The owner shall indicate if the owner is a corporation, partnership, or sole proprietorship.
- (2) Name, address, and telephone number of any owner's agent responsible for the management of the rental dwelling units.
- (3) Street address of the rental dwelling units.
- (4) Number and type of dwelling units, including number of sleeping rooms.
- (5) The owner shall certify compliance with the requirement for conducting background checks on perspective tenants.
- (6) The owner shall certify compliance with the requirement to include disorderly behavior lease provisions.

(Code 1986, § 407.05(4))

Sec. 20-152. - Amended applications.

If any changes occur in any information required on the license application, the owner must submit an amended license application to the city within 30 days of the change. If any rental dwelling units are added to a current license, the additional rental dwelling units must be licensed by amendment of the current license and must be accompanied by the fee required for the additional units.

(Code 1986, § 407.05(5))

Sec. 20-153. - Inspection.

Upon receipt of the properly executed initial application for a rental license, the building official, fire chief or authorized representative may cause an inspection to be made of the rental dwelling units to determine whether it is in compliance with this Code and state law. Every rental dwelling unit may be reinspected after a renewal application is filed to determine if it still conforms to all applicable codes and ordinances.

(Code 1986, § 407.05(1))

Sec. 20-154. - License and inspection fees.

All license and inspection fees required by this section are set forth by city council resolution. License fees must accompany the license application. The license fee is doubled when an application is received more than 30 days after it was due. Inspection fees are due at the time dwelling units are inspected.

(Code 1986, § 407.05(7), (8))

Sec. 20-155. - Criminal background check.

The licensee shall conduct criminal background checks on all prospective tenants. The criminal background check must include the following:

(1) A statewide (Minnesota) criminal history check of all prospective tenants covering at least three years; the check must be done utilizing the most recent update of the state criminal history files;

- (2) A statewide criminal history check from the prospective tenant's previous state of residence, if available, if the tenant is moving directly from the previous state;
- (3) A criminal history check of any prospective tenant in their previous states of residence, if available, covering the last three years if they have not resided in Minnesota for three years or longer;
- (4) A criminal history check of any prospective tenant must be conducted in all seven counties in the metro Twin City area (Hennepin, Ramsey, Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Scott and Washington) covering at least the last three years including all misdemeanor, gross misdemeanor, and felony convictions.
- (5) Property Owners have the final decision on accepting a tenant after completion of the background check.

(Code 1986, § 407.05(2))

Sec. 20-156. - Issuance.

The city shall issue a license if the rental dwelling units and the application are found to be in compliance with this article and any required license fees are paid. Posting of rental licenses is not required; however, the property owner or agent for the owner must be able to present the license if asked to do so.

(Code 1986, § 407.06)

Sec. 20-157. - Term, renewal.

Licenses will expire annually at midnight on October 31 December 31st. The license for each building containing rental dwelling units must be renewed annually on or before October 31 December 1st.

(Code 1986, § 407.05(1), (6))

Sec. 20-158. - Change in property ownership requires new license.

Licenses are not assignable. Any changes occurring in the ownership of a rental dwelling unit requires a new license. The new owner must obtain a new license within 30 days of acquiring the property. The fee paid for the new license shall be the fee required for an initial license.

(Code 1986, § 407.05(5))

Sec. 20-159. - Records retention.

The license application and all other documents pertinent to a rental dwelling unit shall be kept on file in the office of the building official, fire chief or authorized representative. A copy shall be furnished to the owner or other authorized person upon request.

(Code 1986, § 407.05(9))

Secs. 20-160-20-186. - Reserved.

Subdivision II. - Suspension, Revocation and Denial

Sec. 20-187. - Authority.

The city council may revoke, suspend, deny or decline to renew any license issued under this section. In buildings containing more than one rental dwelling unit, the revocation, suspension, denial or declination may apply to one or more rental dwelling units at the discretion of the council.

(Code 1986, § 407.14(1))

Sec. 20-188. - Grounds.

The basis for revocation, suspension, denial or non-renewal includes, but is not limited to, any of the following circumstances:

- (1) The license was procured by misrepresentation of material facts with regard to the rental dwelling unit or the ownership of the rental dwelling unit.
- (2) The applicant or one acting in his-their behalf made oral or written misstatements accompanying the application.
- (3) The applicant has failed to comply with any condition set forth in any other permits granted by the city.
- (4) The activities of the owner or agent create or have created a danger to the public health, safety or welfare.
- (5) The rental dwelling unit contains conditions that might injure or endanger the safety, health or welfare of any member of the public.
- (6) Failure to pay any application, penalty or reinstatement fee required by this article and city council resolution.
- (7) Failure to correct violations of the property maintenance code in the time period specified in the notice of violation and correction.
- (8) Three instances of disorderly behavior that is not subject to an exception or exemption under this article.
- (9) Violation of any regulation or provision of the code applicable to the activity, to which the license has been granted, or any regulation or law of the state so applicable.
- (10) Failure to continuously comply with any condition required of the applicant for the approval or maintenance of the license.
- (11) Any violation of this article.

(Code 1986, § 407.14(1))

Sec. 20-189. - Notice.

- (a) The building official, fire chief or authorized representative shall notify the owner or the owner's agent in writing of the basis for the revocation, suspension, denial or non-renewal and the date of the hearing under this subdivision. The notice shall be served upon the owner or the owner's agent at least 20 days before the hearing. A copy of the notice will also be sent to the rental unit addressed general to "renter or current occupant".
- (b) Service shall be deemed sufficient if the notice is sent to the owner-or, the owner's agent and the address of the rental unit addressed to "renter or current occupant" by first class mail at the address provided in the license application. It shall be the responsibility of the owner or the owner's agent to notify the tenant in writing of the hearing date, time and place.

(Code 1986, § 407.14(2))

Sec. 20-190. - Hearing.

The owner or the owner's agent and the building official, <u>fire chief or authorized representative</u> shall be given an opportunity to be heard. The owner may be represented by counsel. Both sides may be permitted to examine the other side's witnesses. The council shall hear all relevant evidence and arguments and shall review all testimony, documents, and other evidence submitted. The council shall record the hearing and keep a record of documentary evidence submitted.

(Code 1986, § 407.14(3))

Sec. 20-191. - Final determination; written decision.

- (a) The city council shall make findings based on the evidence and shall make a decision on the recommendation to revoke, suspend, deny, or non-renew a license based on the findings.
- (b) The city council shall issue a written decision regarding the recommendation of the building official, fire chief or authorized representative within 30 days following the date of the hearing and shall notify the appellant of the decision by first class mail with a duplicate copy to the building official, fire chief or authorized representative. The decision shall specify the rental dwelling unit to which it applies, the duration of the revocation, suspension, denial or non-renewal, and the conditions that must be met before the license may be reissued or reinstated. A copy of the notice will also be sent to the rental unit addressed general to "renter or current occupant" and include materials necessary to assist the renter in understanding the impact of the decision.
- (c) Thereafter, and until a license is reissued or reinstated, the rental dwelling units affected may not be rented or occupied.

(Code 1986, § 407.14(4))

Sec. 20-192. - Requirements for license after revocation, suspension, denial or non-renewal.

- (a) After the city council revokes, suspends, denies or declines to renew a license, no license will be issued for the affected rental dwelling units until the building official, fire chief or authorized representative determines that the applicant/licensee has remedied the conditions identified by the city council as the basis for its action.
- (b) An application to obtain a license for a rental dwelling unit after the city council has revoked, suspended, denied or declined to renew a license for the same rental dwelling units must be accompanied by all fees required by this section.

(Code 1986, § 407.14(5))

Sec. 20-193. - Effect of revocation, suspension, denial, or non-renewal.

If a license is revoked, suspended, denied or not renewed by the city council, it shall be unlawful for the owner or the owner's agent to thereafter permit the occupancy of the then vacant or, thereafter vacated, rental dwelling units, until such time as a valid rental license is obtained for the rental dwelling units. Issuance of a new license after revocation, suspension, denial or non-renewal shall be made in the manner provided for in subdivision I of division 2 of this article.

(Code 1986, § 407.15)

Sec. 20-194. - Continuing duty of owner regarding occupied units.

Revocation, suspension, denial, or non-renewal of a license shall not excuse the owner from compliance with all terms of this section for as long as any rental dwelling units in the building are occupied.

(Code 1986, § 407.14(4))

Sec. 20-195. - Posted to prevent occupancy.

Whenever any rental dwelling unit has been denied an initial license, had its license revoked, suspended, denied or not renewed it shall be posted by the building official, fire chief or authorized representative to prevent further occupancy. No person, other than the building official, fire chief or authorized representative shall remove or alter any posting. The building official, fire chief or authorized representative will post the date the rental dwelling unit shall be vacated and no person shall reside in, occupy or cause to be occupied that rental dwelling unit until the building official, fire chief or authorized representative permits it.

(Code 1986, § 407.16)

Secs. 20-196—20-213. - Reserved.

DIVISION 3. - PERIODIC INSPECTIONS

Sec. 20-214. - Policy and guidelines to be established by building official, fire chief or authorized representative.

The building official, fire chief or authorized representative shall prepare a policy for inspecting all rental dwellings that are required to be licensed under this article. The policy shall contain objectives for the systematic inspection of all rental dwellings and priorities for the use of scarce inspection resources. The guidelines may be based upon any of the following factors and any other factors deemed by the community services director, fire chief or authorized designee to promote an efficient inspections program:

- (1) _Geographic distribution and concentration of rental dwellings.
- (2) Rental dwellings with delinquent property taxes, city utility bills or other city charges/fees.
- (3) Property identified by the inspections division as having an excessive number of housing code violations or a history of noncompliance or slow compliance with housing inspection orders.
- (4) Rental dwellings for which no license has been obtained.
- (5) Rental dwellings with an excessive number of police calls for drug offenses, prostitution, crimes of force or violence, and loud disturbances or parties.
- (6) Sale of the equitable interest in a rental dwelling property.
- (7) Conversion of homesteaded dwelling units to rental dwelling units.

(Code 1986, § 407.08)

Sec. 20-215. - Periodic inspection schedule may be established by building official, fire chief or authorized representative.

The building official, <u>fire chief or authorized representative</u> may set up a schedule of periodic inspections to ensure compliance with this article.

(Code 1986, § 407.12)

Sec. 20-216. - Notice of intent to inspect; access for inspection.

The building official, <u>fire chief or authorized representative</u> shall provide reasonable notice to the owner or the owner's agent as to the date and time of the inspection.

(Code 1986, § 407.12)

Sec. 20-217. - Access for inspection.

Each occupant of a rental dwelling unit shall give the owner or the owner's agent access to any part of such rental dwelling unit at reasonable times for the purpose of effecting inspection, maintenance, repairs or alterations as are necessary to comply with the provisions of this article. If any owner, owner's agent or tenant of a rental dwelling unit fails or refuses to permit entry to the rental dwelling unit under his their control for an inspection pursuant to this article, the building official, fire chief or authorized representative may seek a court order authorizing such inspection.

(Code 1986, § 407.12)

Sec. 20-218. - Minimum inspection standards.

- (a) The minimum standard to be used for inspections for compliance with the property maintenance code shall include the inspection of the building exterior and the common areas and the basement. In addition:
 - (1) If there are ten 24 or fewer individual dwelling units in the building, minimum inspection requirements include inspecting 50-25 percent of the individual dwelling units, with a minimum of at least one dwelling unit.
 - _(2) If there are between 11 and 24 individual dwelling units, inclusive, in the building, minimum inspection requirements include inspecting five individual dwelling units in the building.
 - (23) If there are 25 or more individual dwelling units in the building, minimum inspection requirements include inspecting 20 percent of the individual dwelling units.
 - (4) The specific individual dwelling units to be chosen for inspection shall be determined pursuant to inspection division policy.
- (b) If the rental dwelling structure is considered to be substandard, the building official, fire chief or authorized representative may inspect additional units, up to all of the units in the building.

(Code 1986, § 407.07)

Secs. 20-219—20-244. - Reserved.

DIVISION 4. - SUBSTANDARD UNITS

Sec. 20-245. - Deficiency point system to be established by building official, fire chief or authorized representative.

- (a) The building official, <u>fire chief or authorized representative</u> shall cause to be prepared and shall keep on file for public inspection a rental licensing inspection deficiency point system used in the point calculation procedure provided in this article. He shall assign points according to the severity of each code violation on a scale from one up to the maximum points possible for such violation.
- (b) Except when otherwise provided by state law, conditions in the design or structure of a building, such as, but not limited to, the size and dimension of rooms and windows and the electrical and plumbing systems that were legal under existing codes when built shall not be violations as long as they are maintained in good repair.
- (c) A violation shall receive maximum points when a required item is completely absent, completely fails to perform its function, or is imminently hazardous to the health or safety of the occupants.

(Code 1986, § 407.10)

Sec. 20-246. - Determining whether dwelling is substandard; points required; major violations.

(a) A rental dwelling structure shall be considered substandard if at least one dwelling unit within the structure scores 25 or more points or the entire structure scores more than the points shown below based on the number of units within the structure:

| Number of Units | Points |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1 | 25 |
| 2 | 30 |
| 3 | 35 |
| 4 | 40 |
| 5 or more | 10 per unit; or |

- (b) Any single violation scoring six or more points is considered a major violation.
- (c) For the purposes of the point calculation in this section, any combination of four rooming units or shared bath units shall constitute one dwelling unit. Points for a violation in a common area of the structure outside a dwelling unit will not be cumulative on a unit-by-unit basis. However, 25 or more points in the common areas of a structure, including, but not limited to, the entryways, corridors, community rooms, exterior walls and roof, will constitute a substandard structure.

(Code 1986, § 407.10)

Secs. 20-247—20-270. - Reserved.

DIVISION 5. - DISORDERLY BEHAVIOR

Sec. 20-271. - Licensee's responsibility to prevent.

It shall be the licensee's responsibility to ensure that the tenants, the tenants' family members and the guests of any tenant or tenant's family member not engage in disorderly behavior in the rental dwelling unit. For the purposes of this section, the term "rental dwelling unit" shall include common areas in the building where the rental dwelling unit is located.

(Code 1986, § 407.13(1))

Sec. 20-272. - Lease provision required.

All tenant leases shall contain crime-free and drug-free provisions or the equivalent that prohibits the disorderly behavior identified in this division.

(Code 1986, § 407.05(3))

Sec. 20-273. - Acts constituting disorderly behavior.

Disorderly behavior under this division includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- (1) Drug-related illegal activity in the rental dwelling unit. A tenant shall be deemed to be in possession of a controlled substance if any amount is located in the tenant's rental dwelling unit even if the tenant claims not to know the controlled substance was present unless the tenant provides a sworn statement by a person, other than another tenant or tenant's family member, that the controlled substance was theirs and the tenant had no knowledge of the controlled substance.
- (2) Acts of violence or threats of violence, including, but not limited to, discharge of firearms, prostitution, intimidation, or any other act that otherwise jeopardizes the health, safety or welfare of the licensee, his-their agents or tenants.
- (3) Violation of M.S.A. § 609.72, disorderly conduct.
- (4) Violation of M.S.A. §§ 609.74 and 609.745, public nuisance.
- (5) Violation of M.S.A. § 609.66, subd. 1(a), 609.67 or 624.713, unlawful use or possession of a firearm or weapon.
- (6) Violation of M.S.A. § 609.50, obstructing legal process.
- (7) Violations of this Code related to firearms, noise or nuisances.

(Code 1986, § 407.13(2))

Sec. 20-274. - Emergency calls.

An emergency call, as defined in M.S.A. § 609.78, subd. 3, is not to be considered an instance of disorderly behavior under this article if:

- (1) The victim and suspect are family or household members, as defined in M.S.A. § 518B.01, subd. 2(b) and where there is a report of domestic abuse as defined in M.S.A. § 518B.01, subd. 2(a).
- (2) The call is a result of a tenant, a member of a tenant's household or a guest taking action to seek emergency assistance that is protected by M.S.A. § 504B.205.

(Code 1986, § 407.13(2))

Sec. 20-275. - Enforcement procedure.

- (a) First offense. Upon determination by the building official, fire chief or authorized representative that a rental dwelling unit was the location of disorderly behavior, the building official, fire chief or authorized representative shall notify the licensee and tenant by first class mail of the violation and direct the licensee to take steps to prevent further violations.
- (b) Second offense. If a second instance of disorderly behavior occurs at a rental dwelling unit within 12 months of the time a notice was sent for previous disorderly behavior at the same unit, the building official, fire chief or authorized representative shall notify the licensee and the tenant by first class mail of the violation and direct the licensee to submit, within ten days of the date of the notice, a written report of all actions taken by the licensee since the first violation notice and actions the licensee intends to take to prevent further disorderly behavior.
- (c) Third offense. If a third instance of disorderly behavior occurs at a rental dwelling unit within 12 months after the first of two previous notices of disorderly behavior at the same unit, the rental dwelling unit license may be revoked, suspended or not renewed by the city council upon the recommendation of the building official, fire chief or authorized representative. The building official, fire chief or authorized representative shall make his their decision to recommend revocation, suspension or non-renewal of the license and submit his their recommendation to the city council within 15 days of the third instance of disorderly behavior.
- (d) Determination of repeat offenses. For the purposes of this section, second and third instances of disorderly behavior shall be those that:
 - (1) Occur at the same rental dwelling unit;
 - (2) Involve tenants at the same rental dwelling unit;
 - (3) Involve guests or invitees at the same rental dwelling unit;
 - (4) Involve guests or invitees of the same tenant; or
 - (5) Involve the same tenant.

(Code 1986, § 407.13(3)—(6))

Sec. 20-276. - Postponing license action.

- (a) No adverse license action shall be imposed when an instance of disorderly behavior occurred during pending eviction proceedings (unlawful detainer) or within 30 days of notice given by the licensee to a tenant to vacate the rental dwelling unit. However, adverse license action may proceed when the licensee fails to diligently pursue the eviction process.
- (b) An action to deny, revoke, suspend, or not renew a license based upon violations of this section may be postponed or discontinued at any time if the licensee has taken appropriate measures which will prevent further instances of disorderly behavior which may include a failed eviction process.

(Code 1986, § 407.13(7))

Sec. 20-277. - Burden of proof.

A determination that the rental dwelling unit has been the location of disorderly behavior shall be made by a preponderance of the evidence. It shall not be necessary that criminal charges be brought in order to support a determination of disorderly behavior, nor shall the fact or dismissal or acquittal of such a criminal charge operate as a bar to adverse license action under this section.

(Code 1986, § 407.13(8))

Sec. 20-278. - Other remedies.

Enforcement actions provided in this article shall not be exclusive, and the city council may take any action with respect to a licensee, a tenant, or the licensed rental dwelling units as is authorized by this article or state law.

(Code 1986, § 407.13(9))

Secs. 20-279—20-304. - Reserved.

DIVISION 6. - AFFORDABLE RENTALS

Sec. 20-305. - Purpose.

It is the purpose of this section to provide housing stability and protection to tenants in affordable rental housing units who are facing displacement when there is a transfer of ownership of an affordable housing building. This section requires, upon such a transfer, notice to the tenants and the city and the payment of tenant relocation assistance when affordable housing is converted and tenants are required, through direct or indirect means, to move without adequate time to find new housing. This section is to be interpreted broadly to ensure the tenants of affordable housing units are afforded the protections intended by this section.

(Ord. No. 2019-1141, § 1(460.00), 5-7-2019)

Sec. 20-306. - Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Affordable housing building means a multi-family rental housing building having three or more housing units, where at least 15 percent of the units rent for an amount that is affordable to households at or below 60 percent of area median income, as median income was most recently determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development for the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin Metropolitan Statistical Area, as adjusted for household size and number of bedrooms.

Affordable housing unit means a rental unit in an affordable housing building that rents for an amount that is affordable to households at or below 60 percent of area median income, as median income was most recently determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development for the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin Metropolitan Statistical Area, as adjusted for household size and number of bedrooms.

Cause means the tenant or a member of the tenant's household materially violated a term of the lease or rental agreement, or violated an applicable federal, state, or local law or regulation.

Relocation assistance means a payment in the amount equal to three months of the current monthly contract rent.

Tenant protection period means the period that commences on the date when a real estate closing transfers ownership of an affordable housing building and ends on the last day of the third calendar month following the date in which written notice of the transfer is sent to each affordable housing unit tenant pursuant to section 20-307.

Transfer of ownership means any conveyance of title to an affordable housing building resulting in a transfer of control of the building, effective as of the earlier of the date of delivery of the instrument of conveyance or the date the new owner takes possession.

(Ord. No. 2019-1141, § 1(460.01), 5-7-2019)

Sec. 20-307. - Notice.

- (a) Within 30 days after the transfer of ownership of an affordable housing building, the new owner shall give written notice to each affordable housing unit tenant of the building that the property is under new ownership. The notice must include the following information:
 - (1) The name, mailing address, and telephone number of the new owner.
 - (2) The following statement: "Hopkins City Code section 460 provides for a tenant protection period for affordable housing unit tenants after an affordable housing building is transferred to a new owner. Under section 460, affordable housing unit tenants may be entitled to relocation assistance from the new owner if, during the tenant protection period, the new owner:
 - Terminates or does not renew the tenant's rental agreement without cause;
 - b. Raises the rent and the tenant submits a written notice of termination of their rental agreement;
 - c. Requires existing affordable housing unit tenants to comply with existing or modified residency screening criteria and the owner or tenant terminates or does not renew the tenant's rental agreement."
 - (3) Whether there will be any rent increase within the tenant protection period, the amount of the rent increase, and the date the rent increase will take effect.
 - (4) Whether the new owner will require existing affordable housing unit tenants to comply with existing or modified residency screening criteria during the tenant protection period, and if so, a copy of the screening criteria.
 - (5) Whether the new owner will terminate or not renew rental agreements without cause during the tenant protection period and if so, the date the rental agreement will terminate and the amount of relocation assistance that will be provided.
 - (6) The date the tenant protection period will expire.
 - (7) Whether the new owner, on the day immediately following the tenant protection period, intends to: increase rent, require existing affordable housing unit tenants to be comply with existing or modified residency screening criteria, or terminate or not renew affordable housing unit rental agreements without cause.
 - (8) Each notice required by this subsection shall contain an advisory that reads as follows: "This is important information about your housing. If you do not understand it, have someone translate it for you now, or request a translation from your landlord." This advisory must be stated in the notice in the following languages: Spanish and Somali. Upon request by a tenant, the owner must provide a written translation of the notice in the tenant's native language.
- (b) The new owner shall provide a copy of the notice required by this section to the city at the same time notice is provided to the tenant or tenants. The new owner of an affordable housing building shall not terminate or not renew a tenant's rental agreement without cause, raise rent, or require existing affordable housing unit tenants to comply with existing or modified residency screening criteria without giving the notice required by this section.

(Ord. No. 2019-1141, § 1(460.02), 5-7-2019)

Sec. 20-308. - Relocation assistance.

- (a) When required. A new owner of an affordable housing building must pay relocation assistance to affordable housing unit tenants when, during the tenant protection period, the new owner:
 - (1) Terminates or does not renew the tenant's rental agreement without cause;

- (2) Raises the rent and the tenant submits a written notice of termination of their rental agreement; or
- (3) Requires existing affordable housing unit tenants to comply with existing or modified residency screening criteria and the owner or tenant terminates or does not renew the tenant's rental agreement.
- (b) When paid. The new owner must pay the relocation assistance to the tenant within 30 days after receiving tenant's written notice of termination of the rental agreement or within 30 days after the owner notifies the tenant that the rental agreement will be terminated or not renewed.

(Ord. No. 2019-1141, § 1(460.03), 5-7-2019)

Sec. 20-309. - Penalty.

- (a) A violation of section 20-308 is an administrative offense that may be subject to an administrative citation and civil penalties as provided in section 2-154. Notwithstanding any provision of section 2-154, the penalty for a violation of section 20-308 shall be the sum of the applicable amount of relocation assistance plus \$500.00.
- (b) A violation of section 20-307 is an administrative offense that may be subject to an administrative citation and civil penalties as provided in section 2-154.
- (c) A violation of this ordinance as to each dwelling unit shall constitute a separate offense.

(Ord. No. 2019-1141, § 1(460.04), 5-7-2019)

Sec. 20-310. - Payment by city to displaced tenant.

Within 30 days after a person pays the penalty provided for in section 20-309(a) to the city, the city shall pay the applicable amount of relocation assistance to the displaced tenant of the affordable housing unit for which the violation occurred.

(Ord. No. 2019-1141, § 1(460.05), 5-7-2019)

Secs. 20-311—20-326. - Reserved.

City of Hopkins Rental Property Inspection Policy & Guidelines

The operation of rental property is a business enterprise that entails certain responsibilities. Operators are responsible for taking reasonable steps as necessary to ensure that the residents of the city who rent may pursue enjoyment of the normal activities of life in surroundings that are safe, secure and sanitary, free from crimes and criminal activity, nuisances or annoyances.

The minimum standard to be used for inspections, pursuant Section 20-214 for compliance with the Property Maintenance Code for buildings as adopted and amended by Hopkins Ordinance shall include, but not be limited to the inspection of the building exterior, interior, common areas, basement, garages, sheds and any other structures on the property.

Inspection Guidelines

Rental Inspection guidelines are based upon any of the following factors and any other factors deemed by the <u>Building Official City</u> to promote an efficient inspections program:

- (a) Geographic distribution and concentration of rental dwellings.
- (b) Rental dwellings with delinquent property taxes, city utility bills or other city charges/fees.
- (c) Property identified by the inspections division as having an excessive number of housing code violations or a history of noncompliance or slow compliance with housing inspection orders.
- (d) Rental dwellings for which no license has been obtained.
- (e) Rental dwellings with an excessive number of police calls for drug offenses, prostitution, crimes of force or violence, and loud disturbances or parties.
- (f) Sale of the equitable interest in a rental dwelling property.
- (g) Conversion of homesteaded dwelling units to rental dwelling units.
- (h) Rental dwellings registering complaints from but not limited to <u>leaser</u>, neighbors, tenants, landlords or property managers.

Number of Units Inspected for Licensing

The specific individual dwelling units to be chosen for inspection shall be determined pursuant to inspection division policy.

- Ten (10Twenty-four (24) or fewer individual dwelling units in the building, minimum inspection requirements include inspecting fifty twenty five (2550) percent of the individual dwelling units, with a minimum of at least one (1) dwelling unit.
- Eleven (11) to twenty four (24) individual dwelling units in the building, minimum inspection requirements include inspecting five (5) individual dwelling units.

 Twenty-five (25) or more individual dwelling units in the building, minimum inspection requirements include inspecting twenty (25) percent of the individual dwelling units. The specific individual dwelling units to be chosen for inspection shall be determined pursuant to inspection division policy.

Other Inspections

The City could inspect any number of units including all units if the City deems it necessary to ensure compliance with the City's rental inspection program.

Frequency of Inspections

Dwellings will be categorized into three groups A, B or C based on <u>condition of the rental unit</u> the severity of the deficiency as it relates to the Inspection Point System.

Category A - Properties with average of 4 or fewer points will be classified as Category A and inspected on approximately a three five-year cycle,

Category B - Properties with an average of 5 to 10 points will be classified as Category B and inspected on approximately a three-wo-year cycle.

Category C - Properties with an average of 11 or more points will be classified as Category C and inspected on approximately a one-year cycle.

Substandard Dwellings

Deficiency points will be also used in the determination of a substandard dwelling as defined in Section 20-246. If the rental dwelling structure is considered to be "substandard", the Building Official or authorized representative may inspect additional units, up to all of the units in the building.

Recommendations

The City recommends all property owners/managers participate in Hopkins Area Manager Association (HAMA) meetings and participation in the Crime Free Housing program.

Inspection Fees

Fees for inspection will be charged per the fee schedule established in Resolution NO: 2017-022.

REVISED Rental Inspections Checklist

Minimum Requirements:

- Units are kept in respectable, safe and sanitary condition.
- Proper application materials have been provided.
- Rental dwellings are up to date on property tax payments.
- Review of history related to license applications, public safety interactions, code violations.

Main items to consider (a full list of items required by the code and points associated are available online at INSERT HYPERLINK TO FULL POINT SYSTEM):

Interior

- 1. All surfaces and areas of dwellings and structures shall be sanitary, structurally sound and in good repair (10 pts)
- 2. Tight, continuous graspable handrails and guardrails (10 pts)
- 3. Stairs and walking surfaces should be maintained in sound condition free from defects (6 pts)
- 4. Windows shall operate properly, be in good repair, weather tight and be free from broken or cracked glass or glazing) (4 pts)
- 5. Window screens in place May 1- October 1 (5 pts)
- 6. Doors and locks working properly (5 pts)
- 7. All structures shall be kept free from water damage (6 pts)
- 8. Appliance shall not be powered by extension cords (5 pts)
- 9. All structures shall be kept free from pests rodents (15 pts)

Exterior

- 10. Exterior of buildings shall be maintained in good repair, structurally sound and be in sanitary condition including siding, roof, soffit, fascia, sidewalks, steps, decks, driveway, decks, handrails, guardrails, lighting and chimney (10 pts)
- 11. Proper grade sloping away from building (2 pts)
- 12. 4 inch high address numbers required on house and alley side of garage (6pts)
- 13. Prohibited open storage (3 pts)
- 14. Accessible ADA spaces, free from debris, snow and ice (10 pts)

Mechanical

- 15. All mechanical appliances shall be properly installed, maintained and be capable of performing the intended function (6 pts)
- 16. Heat facilities capable of maintaining dwelling at 68° F 3 feet above the floor (15 pts)
- 17. All gas lines labeled, secured properly and have proper shutoff valves at all gas appliances (5 pts)
- 18. Unused gas lines shall be properly capped (10 pts)
- 19. Dryer vents are properly installed with solid piping or approved UL listed flexible duct (4 pts)

- 20. Bathrooms have mechanical ventilation that is clean and working or operable window (3 pts)
- 21. Three foot clearance met around water heater and furnace (4 pts)
- 22. Clearance to combustibles is met on gas venting (6 pts)
- 23. All fuel-burning equipment shall be connected to an approved chimney or vent (10 pts)
- 24. Furnace filter shall be clean (3 pts)

Plumbing

- 25. No leaking, defective, obstructed, or unsupported pipes or faucets (5 pts)
- 26. Plumbing and water system shall be free from hazards and contamination (15 pts)
- 27. Adequate water supply at all fixtures. Water heats to a minimum of 120° F (10 pts)
- 28. Water Heater is not leaking or dripping (5 pts)
- 29. All sinks have traps and are vented (5 pts)
- 30. No "S-Traps" or flexible style waste lines waste lines properly installed and vented (5 pts)
- 31. Backflow devices installed on hand held shower heads and all exterior hose bibs (4 pts)
- 32. Toilets flush and refill properly (5 pts)

Electrical

- 33. Electrical Hazards such as open electrical boxes or exposed wires (15 pts)
- 34. Missing or inoperable lights, receptacles or switches (4 pts)
- 35. Properly installed electrical service panel; all breakers properly labeled (4 pts)
- 36. Required 3 foot clearance is met around and in front of service panel(4 pts)
- 37. Lighting must be provided in every public hallway, interior and exterior stairway, toilet room, kitchen, laundry room and furnace room (4 pts)
- 38. Every bathroom and laundry room shall contain at least one receptacle (4 pts)

Fire

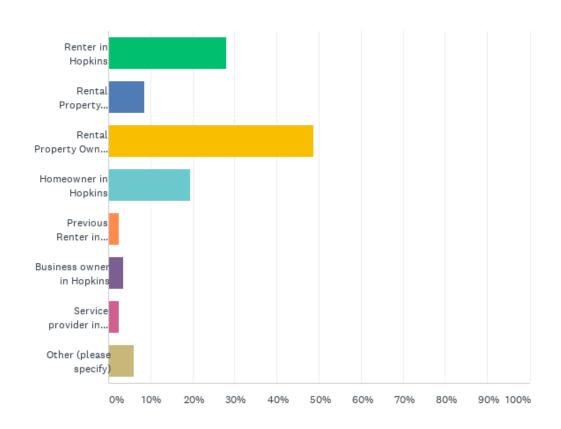
- 39. Missing, inoperable or improperly located smoke alarms. Must be located within 10ft of sleeping rooms, installed per manufacturer's guidelines, no closer than 4 inches to a corner if mounted on the ceiling. If mounted on a wall, no closer than 4 inches but no lower than 12 inches to ceiling. (10 pts)
- 40. Replace smoke alarms if older than 10 years (Old hardwired alarms must be replaced with the same not battery operated). (6 pts)
- 41. Remove items from hallway so that there is a clear exit path (a minimum of 3 feet wide) to all doors and windows. (6 pts)
- 42. Repair door and/or lock to function properly. (This includes patio doors and screens). (3 pts)
- 43. Fire separation not maintained. <u>Using UL-1479, ASTM E-814 FIRE CAULK</u> seal all penetrations in firewalls and ceilings. (In the condo's this is needed under kitchen and bath sinks as they are fire separation walls) *If needed, use rated gypsum to fill larger holes then use the rated fire caulk.* (4 pts)
- 44. Fire rated doors shall self-close and latch from a fully open position. (This applies to condo unit entry doors). (3 pts)
- 45. Remove double cylinder (keyed) deadbolt locks. (4 pts)

- 46. Remove excessive combustible materials from unit and/or store or dispose of properly. (6 pts)
- 47. Emergency escape openings/windows; required emergency escape openings shall be maintained in accordance with the code in effect at the time of construction. Minimum net clear opening size shall comply with the code that was in effect at the time of construction. (6 pts)

| Notes: | |
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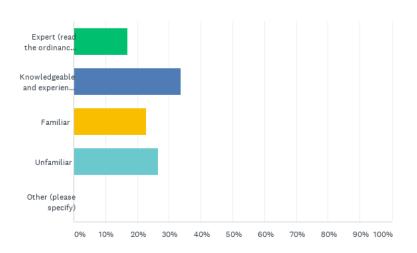
Rental Program Feedback Community Survey

Q1 What best describes you (check all that apply)



| ANSWER CHOICES | • | RESPONSES | • |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----|
| ▼ Renter in Hopkins | | 28.05% | 23 |
| ▼ Rental Property Manager in Hopkins | | 8.54% | 7 |
| ▼ Rental Property Owner in Hopkins | | 48.78% | 40 |
| ▼ Homeowner in Hopkins | | 19.51% | 16 |
| ▼ Previous Renter in Hopkins | | 2.44% | 2 |
| ▼ Business owner in Hopkins | | 3.66% | 3 |
| ▼ Service provider in Hopkins | | 2.44% | 2 |
| ▼ Other (please specify) | Responses | 6.10% | 5 |
| Total Respondents: 82 | | | |

Q2 What best describes your level of knowledge about the existing rental inspection program in Hopkins?



| ANSWER CHOICES | • | RESPONSES | • |
|--|-------|-----------|----|
| ▼ Expert (read the ordinance and experienced inspections) | | 16.87% | 14 |
| Knowledgeable and experienced with the process but have not specifically read the ordinance. | | 33.73% | 28 |
| ▼ Familiar | | 22.89% | 19 |
| ▼ Unfamiliar | | 26.51% | 22 |
| ▼ Other (please specify) Respo | onses | 0.00% | 0 |
| TOTAL | | | 83 |

Question 3: What works well about the City's inspections program? (53 comments, 30 skipped)

- Most respondents felt that the program was more effective at ensuring that rental properties
 were well maintained and kept safe for renters. Commenters also noted that they appreciated
 that it kept landlords held accountable for properties. (18 comments)
 - "I appreciate the City's help in keeping my renters safe as well as helping me avoid and/or reduce liability as a Landlord."
 - "It quarantees potential renters a safe environment."
- Many respondents (13 comments) felt that the City and its processes, such as communication, timing of inspections, and inspections themselves were thorough.
 - "Ease of communication (love that)"
 - "Seems fairly transparent with the process"
 - o "Information about inspection provided in advance."
- Other commenters noted that they appreciated the tier system (6 comments) and the professionalism and helpfulness of the inspectors (7 comments)
 - "I really like the rating system where you reward good landlords"
 - o "Inspectors are very professional and willing to assist with any questions."

"I have had the same inspector come out both times which has helped out. The inspector was super professional and understands that landlord and inspector have the same goals."

Question 4: What opportunities are there for improvement of the City's rental inspections program? (53 comments, 30 skipped)

- Most respondents felt that frequency was the biggest area of opportunity, with many saying that inspections were "too frequent." (16 comments)
 - o "Does not need to be conducted every year. Should be done once every 3+ years or upon changes to inspection law or code."
 - "Maybe have them conducted less frequent."
- Inspection items and the consistency of items (14 comments) were also noted as opportunities. Respondents noted that they felt like inspection results varied between inspectors. Several respondents felt they were being cited for issues that are not regulated by the code of ordinances. Several commenters felt that the requirement to repair or fix issues were too expensive and the City should be more aware of the expense to landlords.
 - "The city inspector is too rigid and authoritative city needs to let the inspector know they should not focus on small, unnecessary stuff, they should also consider owner's expense"
 - "In my experience the program raises issues to rental owners that are more properly taken up with the tenant such as housekeeping of the internal areas of the home."
 - "Things should not go up and beyond code. Way too much time wasted on nit picking."
- Other responses were focused on communication from the City as well as communication between the landlord and renter. Commenters were concerned that renters did not have access to all the information relating to the program, or that they would not feel safe enough to lodge a complaint against a landlord. Others felt that increasing landlord participation would improve the program.
 - "Is the rental inspections program publicly available and where is it? Do all renters know where to access the program details?"
 - "Getting landlords to participate."

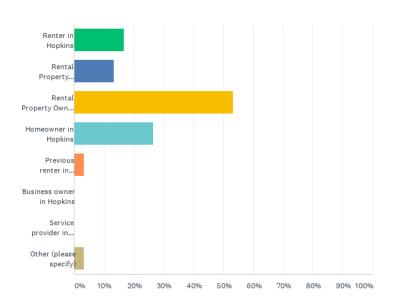
Question 5: The City has established increasing renter engagement as a goal for the program. What advice, tips or feedback would you offer the city to assist with this goal? (52 comments, 31 skipped)

- Many commenters felt that City communications could be improved with more direct to residents who rent communication. Several commenters noted that communication which came from the City rather than the landlord would be most helpful. (11 comments)
 - "My landlord doesn't share who's coming in or the purpose of it. If you want engagement from the actual renters than you need to mail info directly to us."
 - "Continue to reach out. this program is good for renters, but some think it's the city trying to watch the renter.... not the property owner"
- Resident education, specifically around how they can be best prepared for inspections, was also frequently recommended. (9 comments)
 - "Recorded webinar or YouTube videos with tips/advice. It's hard to make it to meetings.
 As a landlord, I honestly want to keep the city, renters, and myself happy:)"

- "Maybe a helpful explanation of why this inspection is being done while in progress.
 Suggestions and hints to help renters prepare for the next inspection."
- "Rental inspections can be a burden on tenants, although they are beneficial in maintaining adequate living conditions. I think being sure tenants are very aware of what is going on and they are not being judged is important."
- Several responses focused on renter empowerment, noting that renters need to be more engaged in the city processes broadly. (7 comments)
 - "Have more communication with the rentals, have someone who actually rents on the council and have more open conversations with the 50% of residents of Hopkins who rent."
 - "Reach out to renters to join in community wide conversations, focus groups, and city boards"
 - "Collaborate with renters to identify and address concerns and demonstrate that if they take the time to be involved, it will be meaningful and impactful."
- Finally, there seems to be a perception that renters do not have interest in being more involved.
 Respondents who indicated this seemed to be landlords and felt that generally their tenants did not want to be engaged. (8 comments)
 - o "My renters are happiest when they are left alone."
 - "Renters did not want tip engage with city officials unless there are unresolved maintenance issues with the owner."
 - "I don't think that this is a good idea unless I am a part of the communication. As a property manager I'd like everything to be communicated to me so that I'd know what's going on."

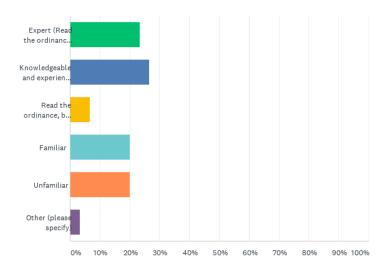
Rental Program Feedback Community Survey – June 2021

Q1 What best describes you (check all that apply)



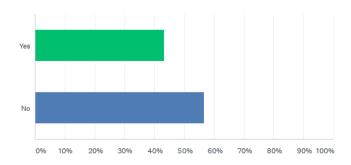
| ANSWER CHOICES | • | RESPONSES | • |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----|
| ▼ Renter in Hopkins | | 16.67% | 5 |
| ▼ Rental Property Manager in Hopkins | | 13.33% | 4 |
| ▼ Rental Property Owner in Hopkins | | 53.33% | 16 |
| ▼ Homeowner in Hopkins | | 26.67% | 8 |
| ▼ Previous renter in Hopkins | | 3.33% | 1 |
| ▼ Business owner in Hopkins | | 0.00% | 0 |
| ▼ Service provider in Hopkins | | 0.00% | 0 |
| ▼ Other (please specify) | Responses | 3.33% | 1 |
| Total Respondents: 30 | | | |

Q2 What best describes your level of knowledge about the existing rental inspection program in Hopkins?



| ANSWER CHOICES | • | RESPONSES | • |
|--|---|-----------|----|
| ▼ Expert (Read the ordinance and experienced inspections) | | 23.33% | 7 |
| Knowledgeable and experienced with the process but have not specifically read the ordinance. | | 26.67% | 8 |
| Read the ordinance, but have not experienced the program. | | 6.67% | 2 |
| ▼ Familiar | | 20.00% | 6 |
| ▼ Unfamiliar | | 20.00% | 6 |
| ▼ Other (please specify) Response | s | 3.33% | 1 |
| TOTAL | | | 30 |

Q3 Have you read the proposed City's rental ordinance and guidelines (https://www.hopkinsmn.com/1083/Proposed-Rental-Inspections-Program-Revi)?



| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | • |
|----------------|-----------|----|
| ▼ Yes | 43.33% | 13 |
| ▼ No | 56.67% | 17 |
| TOTAL | | 30 |

Question 4: Please provide your comments/feedback on the draft ordinance, guidelines, or program? (14 comments, 16 skipped)

- Most comments felt that the draft language looked good and appreciate the updated terminology related to gender (5 Comments)
 - "I have been in the property management business for over 20 years and I believe in cities requiring rental license as it helps us in property management to get owners to keep their properties in good condition."
 - "I feel that the process is pretty easy to go through as a landlord."
- Two commenters noted that the shift in inspection cycles was good and agreed with the change
 - "I am happy that you would be going to a 5 year inspection cycle for townhomes like mine that are in good condition and have recently had to go through the time of sale inspection."
- Two commenters mentioned concerns about rising rental rates.
 - o "I am hoping to stay in Hopkins but over the last 6 years my rent has gone up \$400/a month. I am on a fixed income. There seems to be no limit as to how much management companies can raise rent. I am retired & the wages for the technology field employees are very different than what we earned while working. SS has not kept up."
- One commenter felt that rental licenses should not exist.
 - o "I have rented from both a landlord (in Hopkins) and now my parents and agree that as immediate family members we should not have to do a license or have inspections."
- There was a handful of comments related to the length or complexity of the program:
 - Two commenters stated that Hopkins was seemingly more complicated and longer than other cities programs.
 - o Another commenter also felt that the form was "way overboard" and that as an owner-occupied landlord they should be exempt from the policy.

- The following were specific comments related to the ordinance language proposed:
 - One commenter felt the number of units to be inspected was more than other communities, "You list 25% of units are to be inspected for communities with more than 25 units. This number is excessive and burdensome for site teams to deal with. Other cities are usually in the 10% range, and even then, often reduce to just 5 or 10 units for communities with a good history of performance."
 - The same commenter felt that higher scoring criteria for having window screens was an unjust burden on landlords as they felt that tenants most frequently damaged screens.
 - Another noted issue was the change in ordinance language from "decent" to "secure"
 "Our leases in the State of MN do not guarantee security, so seeing language suggesting this is to be provided as an expectation does not align with our assurances within the lease."
 - Two commenters noted that the language about "delinquent utility bills" was vague and felt that while water bills made sense, gas and electric did not.
 - Another commenter noted that sidewalk conditions and repairs may lead to landlords being penalized in situations where they do not maintain shared spaces such as townhouses or condos.
 - One commenter noted that there needed to be language about market rate cooperatives: "Add market-rate to cooperative language. There are multiple types of cooperatives, and some are very similar to just rentals. This could be like owning a share of 3M and calling yourself an owner. You might be an owner but have little say. There are zero equity cooperatives, group cooperatives, limited equity cooperatives and market-rate cooperatives. I could see an owner that is failing to meet the rental requirements change it to a zero-equity cooperative to avoid the requirements."